## How to choose a unit system for Poiseuille-Flow in Espresso

1. Start with a unit of length. A resolution of 50 lattice points over the 50  $\mu$ m channel would be appropriate, therefore

$$[x] = 1 \,\mu\text{m}.\tag{1}$$

2. The lattice-Boltzmann algorithm only produces valid results within a certain parameter range. By choosing the parameters to be around 1, you should be on the safe side. In a system like this, we acually have enough freedom to scale the units, so that all parameters become 1 exactly. Doing this for the density yields the mass unit [m]

$$\rho = 1 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{kg} \,\mathrm{m}^{-1} \stackrel{!}{=} 1 \,[m] \,[x]^{-3}.$$
  

$$\Rightarrow [m] = 10^{-15} \,\mathrm{kg}. \tag{2}$$

3. You get the unit for time [t] by fixing the viscosity

$$\eta = 1 \,\mathrm{mPa} \,\mathrm{s}^{-1} = 1 \times 10^{-3} \,\mathrm{kg} \,\mathrm{s}^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}^{-1} \stackrel{!}{=} 1 \,[m] \,[s]^{-1} \,[t]^{-1}.$$

$$\Rightarrow [t] = 1 \,\mathrm{\mu s}. \tag{3}$$