

Hasky Plotter (a small Haskell function plotter for $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}_{\text{MACS}}$)

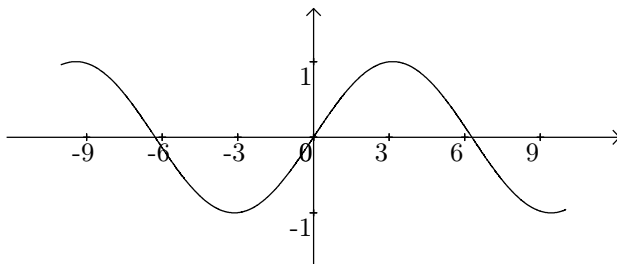
1] Cartesian single curve (function of variable x only)

Step 1 : Introduce the function as : `hp plot "f(x)" "(a,b)"`

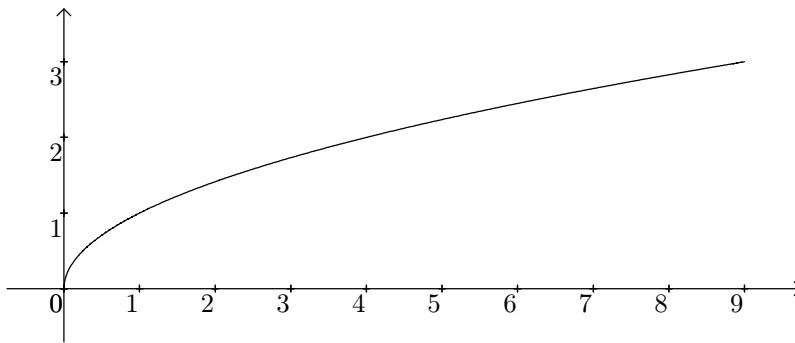
Step 2 : Revert (from the menu File)

Examples:

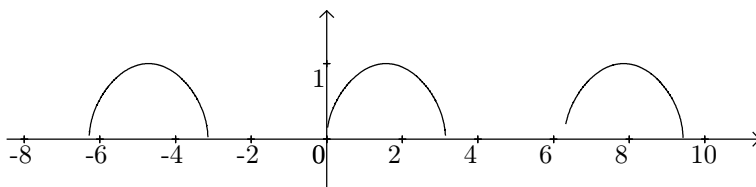
```
Shell] hp plot "sin(x)" "(-3,3)"
```



```
Shell] hp plot "sqrt(x)" "(0,9)"
```



```
Shell] hp plot "sqrt(sin(x))" "(-7,10)"
```



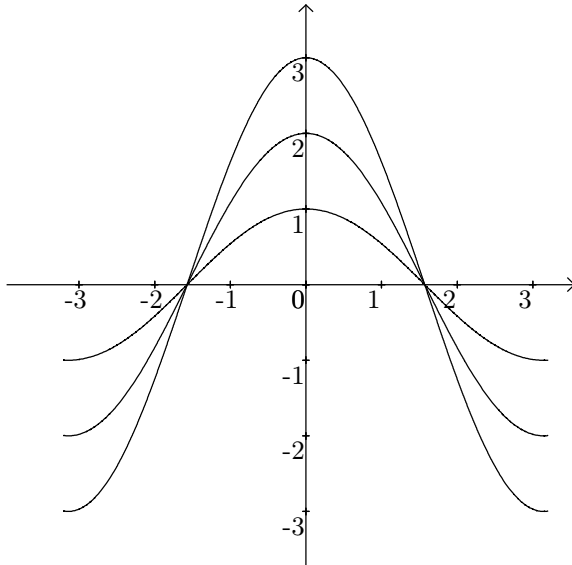
2] Set of n cartesian curves (functions of variable x only)

Step 1 : Introduce the function as : **hp plots " $f_1(x)|f_2(x)|\dots|f_n(x)$ " "(a,b)"**

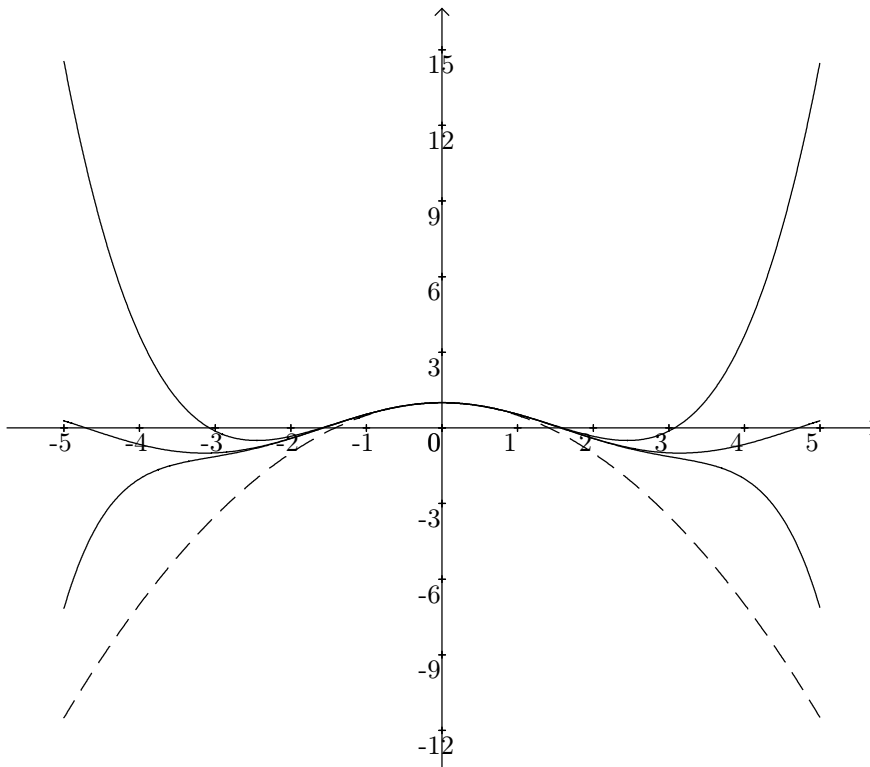
Step 2 : Revert (from the menu File)

Examples

Shell] hp plots "cos(x)|2*cos(x)|3*cos(x)" "(-3.2,3.2)"



Shell] hp plots "1-x^2/2|1-x^2/2+x^4/24|1-x^2/2+x^4/24-x^6/720|cos(x)" "(-5,5)"



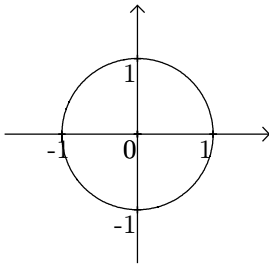
3] Parapetric single curves (x and y functions of t only)

Step 1 : Introduce the function as : **hp paramplot** " $x(t),y(t)$ " " (t_1,t_2) "

Step 2 : Revert (from the menu File)

Example

Shell1] hp paramplot "cos(t),sin(t)" "(-3.1,3.2)"



4] Set of n parapetric curves (x and y functions of t only)

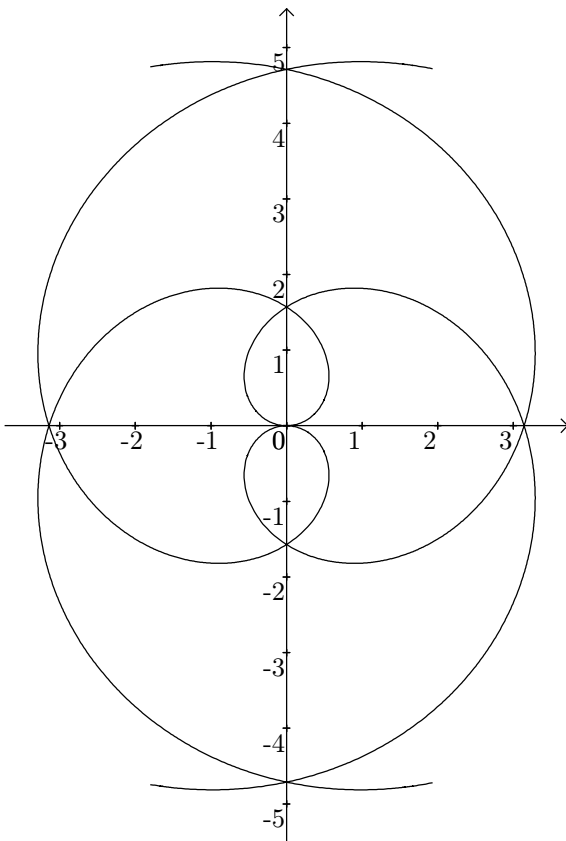
Step 1 : Introduce the function as :

hp paramplots " $x_1(t),y_1(t)|x_2(t),y_2(t)|\dots|x_n(t),y_n(t)$ " " (t_1,t_2) "

Step 2 : Revert (from the menu File)

Example

Shell1] hp paramplots "t*cos(t),t*sin(t)|t*cos(t),(-t)*sin(t)" "(-5,5)"



5] Polar (parapetric) single curves (r and θ as functions of t only)

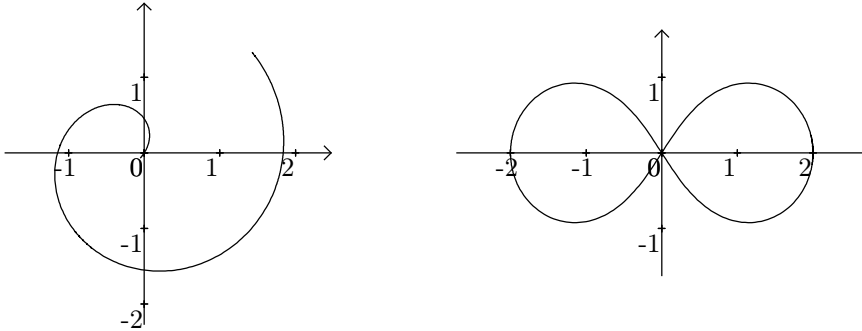
Step 1 : Introduce the function as : `hp polarplot "r(t),theta" "(t1,t2)"`

Step 2 : Revert (from the menu File)

examples

`Shell] hp polarplot "log(t),t" "(0,6.3)"`

`Shell] hp polarplot "2*cos(t),sin(t)" "(0,6.3)"`



6] Set of n polar (parapetric) curves (r and θ as functions of t only)

Step 1 : Introduce the function as :

`hp polarplots "r1(t),y1(t)|x2(t),y2(t)|...|xn(t),yn(t)" "(t1,t2)"`

Step 2 : Revert (from the menu File)

Example

`Shell] hp polarplots "3*sin(24*t),4*t|2*cos(6*t),4*t" "(0,5)"`

